

**European Standardization Organizations** 

Workshop 'Development of complementary Product Category Rules under the CPR: status and next steps'





### Background

- New Construction Products Regulation, December 2024
- Environmental Product Declarations, EPD become mandatory, gradually over the next 15 years
- All 36 construction product groups have to develop a standard with rules for a life cycle assessment

### Introduction

### **Objectives of todays workshop**

- ► Target audience are product TC's
- Focus on complementary product category rules (c-PCR)
- ► To inform product TC about the current status
- ► To collect questions and needs
- ► To inform about upcoming steps
- ► To allow for interaction and to learn from each other



### Agenda



- Welcome and introduction
  - ✓ Karine Dari, Secretary of CEN/TC 350, AFNOR and Dieter De Lathauwer, Chair of CEN/TC 350
- Environmental information and the CPR: horizontal elements and rules in the CPR acquis environmental group
  - ✓ Oscar Nieto, European Commission, DG GROW H1
- > The process of establishing a harmonized product standard and the relation with a c-PCR
  - ✓ Nuno Pargana, CEN and CENELEC
- Shared experience from the sector: lessons learned from the precast concrete (CEN/TC 229)
   ✓ Alessio Rimoldi, BIBM
- > The relation of environmental data under the CPR with other EU legislation
  - ✓ Oscar Nieto, European Commission, DG GROW H1
- Development of a c-PCR
  - ✓ Julia Goerke, Convenor CEN/TC 350/WG3
- > Challenges from the point of perspective of consistency Identification of gaps and needs in the process
  - Fric Winnepenninckx, Buildwise, FIEC, Member of the CEN-CENELEC Coordination Group (COG) on Construction and the built environment and Dieter De Lathauwer
- Conclusions
  - ✓ Karine Dari, Secretary of CEN/TC 350, AFNOR and Dieter De Lathauwer, Chair of CEN/TC 350

Workshop 'Development of complementary Product Category Rules under the CPR: status and next steps'

### Speakers

**Dieter DE LATHAUWER** 

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### Speakers



#### **Nuno PARGANA**

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#### **Alessio Rimoldi**

Secretary General

Eric WINNEPENNINCKX

**BIBM - Federation of the European Precast Concrete** Industry

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#### **Oscar NIETO**

EC/DG GROW H1

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### **Director Product & Quality Certification** Strategy and Tactics FIEC, BUILDWISE eric.winnepenninckx@buildwise.be







**CEN/TC 350** 'Sustainability of construction works' provides a standardized approach for the delivery of environmental information on construction products, the assessment of the environmental, social and economic performance of new and existing construction works (buildings and civil engineering works), and more generally the sustainability performance of construction works.

**Note:** The committee is also entrusted with an advisory function to CEN committees to ensure the effective implementation of horizontal core rules regarding the development a specific Product Category Rules based on EN 15804. (2 CEN/ BT decisions in 2013 and 2022)

In 2020, <u>CEN/TC 350/SC 1</u> 'Circular economy in the construction sector' was created. The purpose of this subcommittee is to develop deliverables enabling the transition from a linear to a circular economy of the construction sector to support a climate neutral and resource efficient sector.

**CEN/TC 350 Sustainability of construction works** Chairman : Dieter De Lathauwer

Committee manager : Karine Dari

WG 4 \*

of buildings



#### WG 1

Environmental performance of buildings Ari Ilomaki

EN 15978 envt performance of buildings

Products Level Julia Goerke EN 15804 EPD EN 22057 EPD4BIM EN 15941 Data Quality EN 15942 communication B2B EN 17672 communication B2C TS042 Chain of custody in EPD

WG 3

WG 5 \* Social Economic performance performance assessment of assessment of buildinas buildinas EN 16627 Economic Social performance

EN 16309 performance of buildings

WG 6 CFW Antonio Burgueno EN 17472 Sustainability assessment of CEW calculation methods TR 7016 CEW/SDG

WG 7 \* Framework EN 15643 Framework for assessment of buildings and civil engineering works

WG 8 Sustainable refurbishment Svein Bjorbeg

EN 17680 Evaluation of the potential for sustainable refurbishment of buildings

WG 9 EU-Taxonomy S.K. Andersen

**TR046** Findings, existing knowledge, and initiatives on EU-Taxonomy

#### CEN/TC 350/ SC1 Circular Economy in the construction sector

Chairman: Kasper Guldager Jensen

Committee manager: Charlotte Vartou Forsingdal

#### SC1/WG1 Framework, principles and definitions Lisbeth M. Ottosen

FN 18177 Framework/ definition

#### SC1/WG 4 Circular related

information in construction works Pernille Brændstrup Kjær

pWI044 Horizontal requirements for digital passports for construction products

#### SC1/WG 5

**Circularity assessment** Flora Anvarifar

pWI047 Circularity assessment – Indicators and methods for construction works, components of construction and construction products

SC1/WG 6 Reuse of construction products Markus Beckman

pWI043 Horizontal requirements for reuse of construction products

SC1/WG7 Circular design for the construction sector Evert Schut

pWITR 049 Guidance for the implementation of circular design of construction products and CW pWI048 Horizontal requirements for circular design of CW and construction products

#### **SC1/WG 8**

Pre-demolition and pre-redevelopment audits and evaluation Dominik Campanella

. Pre-demolition audits and evaluation . Pre-redevelopment

audit and evaluation

8



**European Standardization Organizations** 

Environmental information and the CPR: horizontal elements and rules in the CPR acquis environmental group

Oscar Nieto, European Commission, DG GROW H1

### ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION AND THE CPR: HORIZONTAL ELEMENTS AND RULES IN THE CPR ACQUIS ENVIRONMENTAL GROUP

GROW H.1







Official Journal of the European Union

EN L series

#### 2024/3110

18.12.2024

#### **REGULATION (EU) 2024/3110 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL**

of 27 November 2024

laying down harmonised rules for the marketing of construction products and repealing Regulation (EU) No 305/2011

> PE/12/2024/REV/1 OJ L, 2024/3110, 18.12.2024 ELI: <u>http://data.europa.eu/eli/reg/2024/3110/oj</u>



# Overview of the new CPR timeframe



# Standards for performance assessment







# **Basic Requirements for Construction Works**







# Environmental sustainability essential characteristics







## **Performance declaration**



Information currently included in Environmental Product Declarations is transferred to the DoPC







### **Product requirements**





Articles 7 & 8



# **Product requirements**

### **Functionality**

use of specific materials which can be specified also in terms of their chemical composition

specific dimensions and shapes of products or their components

use of certain components which can be specified also in terms of materials, dimensions and shapes

use of certain accessories and requirements for them

ease of installation and deinstallation

ease of maintenance or the lack of maintenance required for the expected life span

characteristics of the product, including its cleanability, scratch resistance and break resistance, under usual operation conditions



### Safety

chemical risks due to leaking or leaching

risk of unbalanced composition in terms of substances resulting in flawed, safety- relevant functioning of products

mechanical risks

mechanical failure

physical failure

risks of electric failure

risks linked to electricity supply breakdown

risks linked to unintended charge or discharge of electricity

risks linked to software failure

risks of software manipulation

risks of incompatibility of substances or materials

risks linked to the incompatibility of different items, at least one of them being a product

risk of not performing as intended, where the performance is safety relevant

risk of misunderstanding instructions for use in a field affecting health and safety

risk of unintended inappropriate installation or use

risk of intended inappropriate use

### Environment

maximising durability and reliability of the product or its components as expressed through a product's technical lifetime indication of real use information on the product, resistance to stress or ageing mechanisms and in terms of the expected average life span, the minimum life span under worst but still realistic conditions, and in terms of the minimum life span requirements and prevention of premature obsolescence

minimising life-cycle greenhouse gas emissions

maximising reused, recycled and by-product content

selection of safe, sustainable-by-design, and environmentally benign substances

energy use and energy efficiency

resource efficiency

modularity

identifying which product or parts thereof and in what quantity can be reused after de-installation (reusability), and in what quantities

#### upgradability

ease of reparability during the expected life span, including compatibility with commonly available spare parts

ease of maintenance and refurbishment during the expected life span

recyclability and the capability to be remanufactured

capability of different materials or substances to be separated and recovered during dismantling or recycling procedures

sustainable sourcing

minimising the product-to-packaging ratio

amounts of waste generated, notably hazardous waste

# Instructions for use and safety information







### Information aspects to be covered



2 · · · · A WARNING eattery not replaceable



**Risk mitigation** beyond the previous points









# Instructions for use and safety information







### **CPR Acquis Sub-Group**

**Environmental Sustainability** 



# **Sub-Group Objectives**

Development of technical frameworks for declarations, requirements and information provision Ensure consistency across products and materials

2

3

Facilitate the use of the information for the calculation at building/construction works level



# Planning

Milestone Task Topic

A	1	Life cycle assessment indicators
	2-5	Resource use indicators, waste indicators,
		output flows indicators and biogenic carbon indicators
	6	Carbon removals
	7	Other indicators
В	1-6	Methodology for the assessment, declaration of the performance,
		modularity, scenarios, reference service life, simplification
	7-9	Benchmarking, modelling rules and allocation
	10	Other issues
С	1	CPR-2011
	2	CPR-2024
	3	Notified bodies inputs
D	1-3	Background datasets potential problems,
		endorsed background datasets and data quality requirements
E	1	Mandatory declaration
F	1	Development of guidance for declaration without testing dossiers
		-

Guidance available
Revision of guidance, if needed
Preparatory work
Activity starting under request



# Milestone A

### **LCA indicators**

Other EPD indicators

All included in the standardisation request and in the standards

No possibility to remove any of them from the list

Mandatory declaration at EU level (timeframe already presented) All included in the standardisation request and in the standards

Declaration subject to national requirements

Mandatory declaration to be discussed case by case

### **Other indicators**

Carbon removals in the pipeline

Other resource indicators not mature enough to be included in the system



### Milestone B - software

### **Background data** Characterisation factors Commission "software" (under development) (available) Lifecycle assessment Under the responsibility of Subject to Assessment software used by the the manufacturer and Verification system 3+ manufacturer



# Milestone B – EN 15804 applicable clauses

Assessment to follow EN 15804 rules except:

Types of EPD	Additional information not derived from LCA	Release of dangerous substances
Ownership, responsibility, and liability		Communication formats
Content of the EPD	Project report	Verification and validity



### Milestone B – Declaration

Declaration of all modules for the applicable harmonised scenarios

Digitalisation will facilitate access to the information EPD can be maintained if it contains the same information





### Milestone B - Scenarios

### Parametric or European harmonised scenarios

Parameter	Information
Scenario A4.1	Transport by lorry 16-32t, EURO 5
Fuel type and consumption of vehicle or vehicle type used for transport, e.g. long distance truck, boat etc.	Litre of fuel per km
Capacity utilization (including empty returns)	%
Bulk density of transported products	kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Volume capacity utilization factor (factor: = 1 or < 1 or ≥ 1 for compressed or nested packaged products)	



# Milestone B - Scenarios

Parameter	Information
Scenario A4.1	Transport by lorry 16-32t, EURO 5
Fuel type and consumption of vehicle or vehicle type used for transport, e.g. long distance truck, boat etc.	Litre of fuel per km
Capacity utilization (including empty returns)	%
Bulk density of transported products	kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Volume capacity utilization factor (factor: = 1 or < 1 or $\ge$ 1 for compressed or nested packaged products)	

Parameter	Information
Scenario C3.1	Mechanical process for recycling
Energy use	Electricity for mechanical activities [MJ]
Scenario C3.2	Chemical process for recycling
Energy use	Electricity for mechanical activities [MJ]





### Milestone C – AV system 3+

Annex IX





### **Product families**





# Conclusions

The system is already taking its final shape c-PCR will ensure homogeneous implementation Pending issues:

- Carbon removals
- Background data
- Declaration without testing







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**European Standardization Organizations** 

The process of establishing a harmonized product standard and the relation with a c-PCR

### Nuno Pargana, CEN and CENELEC




- Harmonized standard workflow
- ► CPR Acquis
- Standardization request development and SRAHG
- Harmonized standards development
- ► c-PCR: key points for TCs





- **BT: Technical Board**
- c-PCR: complementary Product Category Rules
- **CPR:** Construction Products Regulation
- EC: European Commission
- EN: European Standard
- hEN: Harmonized European standard
- QC: Quality-check
- SRAHG: standardization request ad-hoc group
- SReq: standardization request

## New CPR: Harmonized standard workflow





# Prioritization list: 34 product families

CPR Acquis: collection of input for the preparation of standardization requests

### CPR acquis is key for wellfunctioning of new CPR

► **Goal**: ensure compliance of

Acquis with the CPR



				2021		203	22			20	23			20	124		2025
				Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	
	HOR	IZONTAL SUBGROUP	S														
		Dangerous substances															Waiting
		Fire						_									Waiting
	E	Environmental sustainability						Start									
	PR	ODUCT SUBGROUPS															
Rank	Mandate	Product families	Fasttrack	1													
1	M100	Precast concrete		Start													
2	M120	Structural metallic		Start													
3	M115	Reinforcing steel						Start									
4	M101	Doors, windows						Start									
5	M114	Cement								Start							
6	M103	Thermal insulating								Start							
7	M112	Structural timber														Start	
8	M128	Concrete, mortar &														Start	
9	M116	Masonry															Upcomir
10	M125	Aggregates															Upcomin
11	M109	Fixed fire fighting															
12	M124	Road construction															
13	M119	floorings															
14	M489	ETICS															
15	M108	Curtain walling	x														
16	M113	Wood base															
17	M104	Structural bearings															
18	???	Kits and assembled products															
19	M121	Wall and ceiling finishes															
20	M129	Space heating															
21	M122	Roof coverings															
22	M111	Circulation fictures															
23	M118	Waste water disposal															Queuein
24	M127	Adhesive															
25	M106	Gypsum															
26	???	Anchors and fasteners															
27	M102	Membrames															
28	M135	Glass	x														
29	M107	Geotextiles															
30	M110	Sanitary appliances															
31	M131	Pipes, tanks not in															
32	M443	Power, control and															
33	M105	Chimney	x														
34	M474	Sealants for non-															

### **CPR** Acquis

### SReq development process





# SReq development process – SRAHG



### Standardization Request Ad-hoc Group – <u>SRAHG</u>

**<u>Role</u>**: coordination between all stakeholders during drafting of SReq and advises BTs on problematic issues

### **Composition**

- Convenor
- ► Secretariat: CCMC
- Interested CEN/BT Permanent Delegates (PD)
- Experts nominated by CEN/BT PDs
- ▶ Partner Organizations represented in Technical Bodies, including Annex III Organizations
- Representatives of the concerned Technical Bodies (you!)
- one representative of Coordination Group
- ► ISO/IEC representatives
- ► EC representative

### ▶ **<u>Duration</u>**: SRAHG is disbanded upon the acceptance of SReq

### Standardization request development





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2025-02-24

# Mandates vs Standardization Requests E



	Mandate	Standardization Request
Validity	Open, no deadline	Fixed deadline
Deliverables	Proposed by the TCs	Listed in the SReq, with titles
Old mandate/SReq	Superseded by new one	Superseded by new one
Deadlines for deliverables	No deadlines	Fixed deadlines
Work Programme	Yes, for TCs to suggest list of deliverables	Yes, based on list of deliverables provided in the SReq
Annual Report	No	1/year + Final report
Amendment	Yes	New Implementing act (i.e. new SReq)
TC answers to mandate	Yes	No

#### EC database for standardization requests

# Draft SReq and CEN/TC 350



### DECISION BT C117/2022

### BT,

- Idecides, when a new SReq is being developed referring to EN 15804 and/or to quantified environmental characteristics of constructions products or services, that:
  - CEN/TC 350 shall be informed and consulted regarding the content of the draft construction products SReq prior to their acceptance
  - CEN/TCs involved in the execution of the SReq shall contact CEN/TC 350 to inform about the standards of concern and liaise with CENTC 350 to apply the workflow and templates of CEN/TC 350 when developing complementary PCRs to avoid conflicts with EN 15804

### Example: SReq precast concrete under CPR



ANNEX I

List of new standards to be drafted and list of existing standards to be revised as referred to in Article 1

Table 1: List of new harmonised standards to be drafted and deadlines for their adoption

	Reference information	Deadline for the adoption by the ESOs <sup>1</sup>
1.	European standard: 'Precast concrete products performance assessment and declaration' [To covers in its scope solid slabs, HVAC flue elements, junction boxes and products within the scope of EN 15037-1:2008, EN 15037-2:2009+A1:2011, EN 15037-3:2009+A1:2011, EN 15037- 4:2010+A1:2013, EN 15037-5:2013, EN 14844:2006+A2:2011, EN 15050:2007+A1:2012, EN 14991:2007, EN 14992:2007+A1, EN 12839:2012, EN 13747:2005+A2:2010, EN 12737:2004+A1:2007, EN 12794:2005+A1:2007, EN 12794:2005+A1:2007/AC:2008, EN 13978:2005, EN 1168:2005+A3:2011, EN 13225:2013, EN 12843:2004, EN 15258:2008, EN 13224:2011, EN 13693:2004+A1:2009, EN 15435:2008, EN 15498:2008 and EN 14843:2007 <sup>2</sup> ]	15.11.2025
2.	European standard: 'Sustainability of construction works - Environmental product declarations - Product Category Rules for precast lightweight concrete with an open structure and precast autoclaved aerated concrete'	15.11.2025

Performance-based harmonized standards

### c-Product Category Rules

Article 1 Requested standardisation activities

The European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) is requested to draft new harmonised standards listed in Table 1 of Annex I to this Decision and to revise existing European standards listed in Table 2 of Annex I to this Decision for precast concrete products in support of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 by the deadlines set out in that Annex.

The standards referred to in the first paragraph shall meet the requirements set out in Annex II.

CEN shall provide the Commission with the titles of the requested harmonised standards in all the official languages of the Union.

Table 2: List of existing harmonised standards to be revised and deadlines for their adoption

	Reference information	Deadline for the adoption by the ESOs
1.	EN 1520:2011 to cover 'Precast lightweight concrete products with an open structure'	15.11.2025
2.	EN 12602:2016 to cover 'Precast autoclaved aerated concrete products'	15.11.2025
3	EN 16757:2022 'Sustainability of construction works - Environmental product declarations - Product Category Rules for concrete and concrete elements'	15.11.2025

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# SReq Annex II and hENs



Standardization work must be consistent with EN 15804 and c-PCR

- Each performance-based hEN covers:
  - Products and intended uses
  - Essential characteristics
    - ▶ Essential Characteristic 1
    - ► Essential Characteristic 2
    - ► Essential Characteristic X

► Essential Characteristic `**Environmental sustainability**' → assessment method: c-PCR

Classes and thresholds (where applicable)

`Environmental sustainability' applicable to all harmonized standards

# SReq Annex III – environmental sustainability



#### <u>ANNEX III</u> <u>List of essential characteristics related to release of dangerous substances and</u> environmental sustainability

#### Part C. List of essential characteristics related to environmental sustainability

- (1) reference service life
- (2) climate change total
- (3) climate change fossil
- (4) climate change biogenic
- (5) climate change land use and land use change
- (6) ozone depletion
- (7) acidification
- (8) eutrophication aquatic freshwater
- (9) eutrophication aquatic marine
- (10) eutrophication terrestrial
- (11) photochemical ozone formation
- (12) depletion of abiotic resources minerals and metals
- (13) depletion of abiotic resources fossil fuels
- (14) water use
- (15) particulate matter emissions
- (16) ionising radiation, human health
- (17) ecotoxicity (freshwater)
- (18) human toxicity, cancer effects
- (19) human toxicity, non- cancer effects
- (20) land use related impacts / soil quality
- (21) use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials
- (22) use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials
- (23) total use of renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials)

- (24) use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials
- (25) use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials
- (26) total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials)
- (27) use of secondary material
- (28) use of renewable secondary fuels
- (29) use of non-renewable secondary fuels
- (30) net use of fresh water
- (31) hazardous waste disposed
- (32) non-hazardous waste disposed
- (33) radioactive waste disposed
- (34) components for re-use
- (35) materials for recycling
- (36) materials for energy recovery
- (37) exported energy
- (38) biogenic carbon content in product
- (39) biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging

# SReq Annex VI – Scenarios for c-PCR



#### <u>ANNEX VI</u> Environmental sustainability related harmonised scenarios

The following harmonised scenarios shall be included in the standard.

Module	Harmonised scenario	Description	Comments
A1-A3	N/A	calculation according to the constituents and manufacturing process including packaging	
A4	transport by lorry	transport of the declared unit by lorry, value declared per km	different scenarios to be defined in the standard depending on the size and weight
A4	transport by train	transport of the declared unit by train, value declared per km	
A4	transport by ship (inland waterway)	transport of the declared unit by ship, value declared per km	
A4	transport by ship (ocean)	transport of the declared unit by ship, value declared per km	
A5	lifting, erecting, and fixing - electric machinery	required tasks to finalise the assembly of the product	value to be used for the final calculation together with the applicable energy mix impacts
A5	lifting, erecting, and fixing - fuel machinery	required tasks to finalise the assembly of the product	standard fuel use
A5	complementary processes	additional processes related to the installation	e.g., joints installation
B1	carbonation in use	carbonation per year	conditions calculated according to the rules provided. EN 16757 Annex G provides a reference method
B2	maintenance		if not relevant, impacts equal to zero
B3	repair of elements		if not relevant, impacts equal to zero
B4	replacement of elements		if not relevant, impacts equal to zero e.g., joints replacement
B5	refurbishment of elements		if not relevant, impacts equal to zero
B6	operational energy use		if not relevant, impacts equal to zero
B7	operational water use		if not relevant, impacts equal to zero
C1	demolition		elements transformed into debris
C1	disassembly		elements recovered for potential second use
C2	transport by lorry of debris	transport of the declared unit by lorry, value declared per km	
C2	transport by lorry of complete elements	transport of the declared unit by lorry, value declared per km	different scenarios depending on the size and weight
C3	disposal at a landfill site		preparation for disposal
C3	reuse of elements		preparation for reuse of elements
C3	use of debris in land restoration		preparation for the use in land restoration
C3	crushing/recycling of concrete without further processing -		value to be used for the final calculation together with the

### Example: SReq precast concrete products

Module	Harmonised scenario	Description	Comments
	electric machinery		applicable energy mix impacts
СЗ	crushing/recycling of concrete without further processing - fuel machinery		standard fuel use
C3	reinforcement recovery		
C4	disposal of debris	treatment and disposal	
C4	carbonation in landfilling		carbonation in landfill calculated according to the rules provided. EN 16757 Annex G provides a reference method
D	reuse in new construction works outside the boundary limits		
D	use of debris in land restoration outside the boundary limits		
D	crushing recycling of concrete outside the boundary limits		
D	recycling of reinforcement outside the boundary limits		
D	waste packaging recycling outside the boundary limits		
D	waste packaging recovery as energy source outside the boundary limits		
D	aggregates replacement outside the boundary limits		
D	carbonation outside the boundary limits		conditions calculated according to the rules provided. EN 16757 Annex G provides a reference method

# c-PCR and CPR



▶ Is a c-PCR a harmonized standard?

- Article 2(1.c) of Reg 1025/2012: 'harmonised standard' means a European standard adopted on the basis of a request made by the Commission for the application of Union harmonisation legislation;'
- c-PCR will not have an Annex ZA

#### ANNEX I

#### List of new standards to be drafted and list of existing standards to be revised as referred to in Article 1

Table 1: List of new harmonised standards to be drafted and deadlines for their adoption

	Reference information	Deadline for the adoption by the ESOs <sup>1</sup>
1.	European standard: 'Precast concrete products performance assessment and declaration' [To covers in its scope solid slabs, HVAC flue elements, junction boxes and products within the scope of EN 15037-1:2008, EN 15037-2:2009+A1:2011, EN 15037-3:2009+A1:2011, EN 15037- 4:2010+A1:2013, EN 15037-5:2013, EN 14844:2006+A2:2011, EN 15050:2007+A1:2012, EN 14991:2007, EN 14992:2007+A1, EN 12839:2012, EN 13747:2005+A2:2010, EN 12737:2004+A1:2007, EN 12794:2005+A1:2007, EN 12794:2005+A1:2007/AC:2008, EN 13978:2005, EN 1168:2005+A3:2011, EN 13225:2013, EN 12843:2004, EN 15258:2008, EN 13224:2011, EN 13693:2004+A1:2009, EN 15435:2008, EN 15498:2008 and EN 14843:2007 <sup>2</sup> ]	15.11.2025
2.	European standard: 'Sustainability of construction works - Environmental product declarations - Product Category Rules for precast lightweight concrete with an open structure and precast autoclaved aerated concrete'	15.11.2025

Table 2: List of existing harmonised standards to be revised and deadlines for their adoption

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3	EN 16757:2022 'Sustainability of construction works - Environmental product declarations - Product Category Rules for concrete and concrete elements'	15.11.2025

### hEN development and offering



**SReq**: legal basis for harmonized standards

### ► Innovative process for development of hENs under CPR

- 1. HAS assessment system applicable (HAS consultants)
- 2. CEN quality-check (QC)
- 3. Four possible HAS assessments by consultants
- In the frame of HAS/EC hEN assessments, supporting standards (e.g., c-PCR) will be checked
- Guidance, templates and checklists under preparation



# **Revised CEN-CLC Guide 36**



### Link for Guide 36



### CEN-CENELEC GUIDE 36

Guidance on the rules for the drafting and presentation of candidate harmonized standards in support of the Regulation (EU) 305/2011 Construction Products Regulation

#### April 2024

#### Draft revised CEN-CENELEC Guide 36:2024(E)

#### MODEL CLAUSE

#### 4.x Reference service life

The reference service life is the service life to be expected under a set of reference in-use conditions with which the characteristics of the products are consistent. When assessed in accordance with the method given in clause 5 x, the results are expressed as a value in years.

#### 4.9.5.3 Life cycle assessment environmental essential characteristics

Life cycle assessment environmental essential characteristics correspond to the life cycle assessment core and additional environmental indicators in EN 15804:2012+A2:2019+AC:2021. They shall be included as characteristics if included in the standardization request.

#### MODEL CLAUSE

#### 4.x Life cycle assessment environmental characteristics

Characteristics in table x are related to the life cycle assessment of the product. When assessed in accordance with the method given in clause 5.x, the results are expressed as a value in the units included in table x for modules A1 to A3 and for each module and European harmonised scenario described in clause 5.x.

#### Table x - life cycle assessment environmental characteristics

Characteristic	Unit	dimensions
climate change – total	kg CO₂ eq.	М
climate change – fossil	kg CO₂ eq.	M
climate change – biogenic	kg CO₂ eq.	M
climate change - land use and land use change	kg CO₂ eq.	M
ozone depletion	kg CFC 11 eq.	M
Acidification	mol H⁺ eq.	N
eutrophication aquatic freshwater	kg PO₄ eq.	M
eutrophication aquatic marine	kg N eq.	M
eutrophication terrestrial	mol N eq.	N
photochemical ozone formation	kg NMVOC eq.	M
depletion of abiotic resources - minerals and metals	kg Sb eq.	М
depletion of abiotic resources - fossil fuels	MJ, net calorific value	ML2T-2
water use	m <sup>3</sup> world eq. deprived	L3
particulate matter emissions	Disease incidence	-
ionising radiation, human health	kBq U235 eq.	S-1
ecotoxicity (freshwater)	CTUe	M-1
human toxicity, cancer effects	CTUh	M-1
human toxicity, non- cancer effects	CTUh	M-1
land use related impacts / soil quality	Unitless	-

#### 4.10.4 Environmental sustainability related essential characteristics

#### 4.10.4.1 General

In case essential characteristics related to environmental sustainability are included in the standardisation request, the following rules apply.

#### 4.10.4.2 Reference service life

The standardization request will provide rules for the calculation of the reference service life which may be related to specific rules described in the harmonized standard and in the relevant c-PCR.

#### MODEL CLAUSE

#### 5.x Reference service life

For products off-the shelf [Text to be removed if all products are off-the shelf], the reference service life shall be defined according to reference in-use conditions as defined in [applicable c-PCR]. The consistency with other characteristics related to the product with an influence on it shall be considered.

For custom-made products, the reference service life shall be defined according to [applicable c-PCR] and/or this standard, considering the service life required in the project and the expected loads and exposure scenarios. The consistency with other characteristics related to the product with an influence on t shall be considered. [Text to be removed if not applicable]

The result derived from the assessment will correspond to minimum value determined (in case of more than one) rounded to the nearest integer.

The performance shall be expressed in dimensions T and in unit year.

#### 4.10.4.3 Life cycle assessment environmental essential characteristics

Model clause to define the assessment method applicable to the life cycle assessment environmental essential characteristics.

#### MODEL CLAUSE

#### 5.x Life cycle assessment environmental characteristics

Life cycle assessment environmental characteristics shall be assessed according to EN 15804:2012+A2:2019+AC, [applicable c-PCR] and the following... [complete with the necessary information when needed]

The results derived from the assessment will correspond to the results for each module and each European harmonized scenario, as described in [applicable c-PCR].

The performance shall be expressed in the dimensions and units included in table [reference to table in clause 4.9.5.3].

#### 4.10.4.4 Resource use environmental essential characteristics

Model clause to define the assessment method applicable to the resource use environmental essential characteristics.

#### MODEL CLAUSE

#### 5.x Resource use environmental characteristics

Resource use environmental characteristics shall be assessed according to EN 15804:2012+A2:2019+AC, [applicable c-PCR] and the following... [complete with the necessary information]

The results derived from the assessment will correspond to the results for each module and each European harmonized scenario, as described in [applicable c-PCR].

The performance shall be expressed in the dimensions and units included in table [reference to table in

### **Revised Annex ZA**



#### Annex ZA (informative)

Relationship of this European Standard with Regulation (EU) No.305/2011

(When applying this standard as a harmonized standard under Regulation (EU) No. 305/2011, manufacturers and Member States are obliged by this regulation to use this Annex)

#### ZA.1 Scope and relevant characteristics

This European Standard has been prepared under standardization request [code and the title of the standardization request] given to [insert here CEN or CENELEC] by the European Commission (EC) and the European Free Trade Association (EFTA).

When this European Standard is cited in the Official Journal of the European Union (OJEU), under Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, it shall be possible to use it as a basis for the establishment of the Declaration of Performance (DoP) and the CE marking, from the date of the beginning of the co-existence period as specified in the OJEU.

Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, as amended, contains provisions for the DoP and the CE marking.

#### Table ZA.1.1 — Relevant clauses for product [A-n] and intended use [1-n]

 Product:
 [name of product A-n as given in the standardization request]

 Intended use:
 [intended use 1-n as given in the standardization request]

Essential characteristics [1]	Clause of this European standard related to essential characteristic [2]	Clauses of this European standard related to assessment [3]	Classes and/or threshold levels [4]	Notes [5]
[name of essential characteristic 1 as given in the standardization request]				
[name of essential characteristic 2 as given in the standardization request]				
[name of essential characteristic n as given in the standardization request]				

Table ZA.1.x — Relevant clauses for all products and intended uses related to environmental sustainability

Essential characteristics on environmental sustainability	Clause of this European standard related to essential characteristics	Clauses of this European standard related to assessment	Classes and/or threshold levels	Notes
climate change – total				
climate change – fossil				
climate change - biogenic				
climate change - land use and land use change				
ozone depletion				
Acidification				
eutrophication aquatic freshwater				
eutrophication aquatic marine				
eutrophication terrestrial				
photochemical ozone formation				
depletion of abiotic resources - minerals and metals				
depletion of abiotic resources - fossil fuels				
water use				
particulate matter emissions				
ionising radiation, human health				

# c-PCR: key points for TCs



► TCs developing hENs under CPR must develop c-PCR

► How urgent? Check CPR Acquis priority list

▶ Inform CEN/TC 350 secretariat about c-PCR development

- Drafting c-PCR:
  - ► Use templates from CEN/TC 350
  - ▶ <u>Recommendation</u>: c-PCR should be EN with dated normative references
  - Ensure fulfilment with requirements of SReq (if applicable)
  - ► Ideally should be published before performance-based hEN
  - ▶ <u>Be aware of decision BT 003/2013</u>:
    - ▶ BT asks CEN/TCs developing product standards to take into consideration the horizontal rules of EN 15804
    - ▶ BT encourages the close liaison between CEN/TC 350 and product TCs when preparing PCRs based on EN 15804

# Overview of c-PCR







**European Standardization Organizations** 

Shared experience from the sector:

lessons learned from the precast concrete (CEN/TC 229)

Alessio Rimoldi, BIBM

1. Intro



- Environmental sustainability as essential part of product characteristics
- Case of precast concrete products (PCP)
- (EN 15804 through) cPCRs as basis for assessment and declaration
- Focus on pragmatic topics

Agenda



### 1. Intro

### 2. Legislative Framework

- a. CPR
- b. Acquis process
- c. Standardisation request

- 3. Standardisation framework
  - a. CEN
  - b. TC/229
  - c. Environmental sustainability
- 4. Challenges ahead
- 5. Pragmatic advices

Agenda



### 1. Intro

### 2. Legislative Framework

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  - c. Environmental sustainability

### 4. Challenges ahead

5. Pragmatic advices



#### a. CPR 2011 Fire 17 Masonry and related 5 Structural bearings - Pins 7 Gypsum products - Standardisation products - Masonry units, mortars, and ancillaries. 9 ghtweight/ autoclaved for structural joints 25 17 33 erated concrete product request prepared in 33 Fixings 20 Structural metallic 24 Aggregates 34 Building kits, units, and 32 Sealants for joints Dangerous 2023/2024 prefabricated elements products and ancillaries 2 18 26 10 34 substances - The only legal 10 Fixed fire fighting 21 Internal & external wall 3 Membranes, including 35 Fire stopping, sealing Environmental **16** Reinforcing and and ceiling finishes. Internal framework at that and protective products - Fire equipment liquid applied and kits 3 27 sustainability 11 partition kits retardant products moment was CPR 23 Road construction 27 Space heating 29 Construction products 2011 products in contact with water intended appliances 20 28 12 for human consumption Horizontal subgroups 19 Floorings 22 Roof coverings, roof 8 Geotextiles. 36 Attached ladders 15 Cement, building li - Only geomembranes, and related lights, roof windows, and ancillary products, roof ki21 Standardisation °5 13 standardisation request discussed products **CPR** Acquis 12 Circulation fixtures: requests issued 11 Sanitary appliances ongoing work road equipment 22 30 14 after 8 January Other subaroups Fast track possible 2025 can be under Other subgroups 13 Structural timber 18 Wastewater 28 Pipes-tanks and Fast track not ancillaries not in contact with water for human consum products/elements and engineering products possible 15 23 CPR 2024 (articles ancillaries Fast track ongoing 4, 5 and 6) 26 Products related to 14 Wood based panels 25 Construction adhesives 31 Power, control and European Priority concrete, mortar and grou and elements communication cables 8 32 16 24 Commission

#### Source: European Commission

### **b. Acquis Process PCP**

- Timeline
  - more than 20 months (July 2021 to May 2023) to finish the process
  - 4 milestones, including "Sustainability Assessment" under *Milestone 3 - Content* of the harmonised technical specification







### **b. Acquis Process SG5**

Environmental sustainability

- Mainly indicative (SG 5 for CPR 2024) but core principles are valid for PCP
- EN 15804+A2 clauses do not apply within the CPR regulatory framework:
  - Types of EPD (5.2) In the regulatory context of the CPR, essential characteristics are declared for every module and scenario (exceptions for specific products possible)

- Additional Information not derived from LCA (5.4.4)
  - A more detailed approach to scenarios is required in the context of the CPR.
  - release of substances must be excluded because they are already addressed by the CPR
- Ownership, responsibility and liability for the EPD (5.5) – regulated by the CPR.
- Communication formats (5.6) CPR specific rules for drafting declarations of performance (references to EN 15942 [6] may be relevant).
- Content of the EPD (7) CPR defines content and verification (AVCP/AVS).
- Project report (8) This clause is relevant as supporting document for the assessment. In the CPR context it is called technical documentation and manufacturers are obliged to make it available under request of notified bodies and market surveillance authorities.
- Verification and validity of an EPD (9) regulatory provisions of the CPR apply.



### **c. Standardisation request**

- Standardisation request
  - 15months from the first draft (September 2023) to the vote in the CoS (February 2025)

### - Legal text + 7 annexes

- 1. List of standards to be drafted
- 2. <u>Requirements</u> for the standards
- 3. Essential characteristics related to release of dangerous substances and environmental sustainability
- 4. Factory production control checks
- 5. Classes
- 6. Environmental sustainability related <u>harmonised scenarios</u>
- 7. EU standards list



#### (b) Essential characteristics, classes, and thresholds

Group (BRCW)	Essential char cteristic	EU threshold	Class	Comments
concrete (1)	characteristic compressive strength lightweight concrete with an open structure			mandatory declaration
	dry density lightweight concrete with an open structure	≥400 kg/m <sup>3</sup> ≤2000 kg/m <sup>3</sup>		mandatory declaration
	modulus of elasticity lightweight concrete with an open structure - testing			
	modulus of elasticity lightweight concrete with an open structure - calculation			
	drying shrinkage lightweight concrete with an open structure - testing		2 2	
	drying shrinkage lightweight concrete with an open structure - tabulated values		0	
	freeze-thaw resistance of concrete	2	0	hardened concrete
	corrosion protection			hardened concrete
reinforcing steel (1)	elongation at maximum load - reinforcing steel		s 8	products reinforced
	elongation after fracture - reinforcing steel		s 82 2	with steel, galvanised
	stress ratio - reinforcing steel		2	steel or stainless steel
	tensile yield strength - reinforcing steel			
	ultimate tensile strength - reinforcing steel			]
fire performance (2)	reaction to fire - class declaration			
water performance	water vapour permeability - resistance factor - testing	8	e 6	
(3)	water vapour permeability - resistance factor - tabulated value			
acoustic	airborne sound insulation index - calculation	8	e - 6	
performance (5)	airborne sound insulation index - testing			
-	sound absorption coefficient building elements	8	š – 3	
	sound absorption coefficient traffic elements	3	a - 3.	
other performances (1&7)	mass of the element	8	o	
release of dangerous substances - indoor air (3)	all included in annex III part A	2	2 9.	
release of dangerous substances - soil and ground water (3)	all included in annex III part B		2 9	
environmental sustainability (7)	all included in annex III part C			

### **<u>c. Standardisation request</u>**

Environmental sustainability

### **Annex 2** – **Requirements** for the standards (for each and every product family)



### <u>c. Standardisation</u> <u>request</u>

*Environmental sustainability* 

Annex 3(C) – Essential characteristics related to release of dangerous substances and environmental sustainability

Fart C. List of essential characteristics related to environmental sustainability	Part	C. List of	essential	characteristics	related	to environmental	sustainability
---	------	------------	-----------	-----------------	---------	------------------	----------------

- (1) reference service life
- (2) climate change total
- (3) climate change fossil
- (4) climate change biogenic
- (5) climate change land use and land use change
- (6) ozone depletion
- (7) acidification
- (8) eutrophication aquatic freshwater
- (9) eutrophication aquatic marine
- (10) eutrophication terrestrial
- (11) photochemical ozone formation
- (12) depletion of abiotic resources minerals and metals
- (13) depletion of abiotic resources fossil fuels
- (14) water use
- (15) particulate matter emissions
- (16) ionising radiation, human health
- (17) ecotoxicity (freshwater)
- (18) human toxicity, cancer effects
- (19) human toxicity, non- cancer effects
- (20) land use related impacts / soil quality
- (21) use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials
- (22) use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials
- (23) total use of renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials)

- (24) use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials
- (25) use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials
- (26) total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials)
- (27) use of secondary material
- (28) use of renewable secondary fuels
- (29) use of non-renewable secondary fuels
- (30) net use of fresh water
- (31) hazardous waste disposed
- (32) non-hazardous waste disposed
- (33) radioactive waste disposed
- (34) components for re-use
- (35) materials for recycling
- (36) materials for energy recovery
- (37) exported energy
- (38) biogenic carbon content in product
- (39) biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging

### "Reference service life" + 38 indicators of EN 15804 (7.2.3 to 7.2.5)



<u>c. Standardisation</u> request

*Environmental sustainability* 

Annex 6 – Environmental sustainability related harmonised scenarios The following harmonised scenarios shall be included in the standard.

Module	Harmonised scenario	Description	Comments
A1-A3	N/A	calculation according to the constituents and manufacturing process including packaging	
A4	transport by lorry	transport of the declared unit by lorry, value declared per km	different scenarios to be defined in the standard depending on the size and weight
A4	transport by train	transport of the declared unit by train, value declared per km	
A4	transport by ship (inland waterway)	transport of the declared unit by ship, value declared per km	
A4	transport by ship (ocean)	transport of the declared unit by ship, value declared per km	
A5	lifting, erecting, and fixing - electric machinery	required tasks to finalise the assembly of the product	value to be used for the final calculation together with the applicable energy mix impacts e.g., crane energy consumption
A5	lifting, erecting, and fixing - fuel machinery	required tasks to finalise the assembly of the product	standard fuel use
A5	complementary processes	additional processes related to the installation	e.g., joints installation
B1	carbonation in use	carbonation per year	conditions calculated according to the rules provided. EN 16757 Annex G provides a reference method
B2	maintenance		if not relevant, impacts equal to zero e.g., cleaning surfaces
B3	repair of elements		if not relevant, impacts equal to zero
B4	replacement of elements		if not relevant, impacts equal to zero e.g., joints replacement
B5	refurbishment of elements		if not relevant, impacts equal to zero
B6	operational energy use		if not relevant, impacts equal to zero
B7	operational water use		if not relevant, impacts equal to zero
C1	demolition	1	elements transformed into debris
C1	disassembly		elements recovered for potential second use
C2	transport by lorry of debris	transport of the declared unit by lorry, value declared per km	
C2	transport by lorry of complete elements	transport of the declared unit by lorry, value declared per km	different scenarios depending on the size and weight
C3	disposal at a landfill site	3 101	preparation for disposal
C3	reuse of elements		preparation for reuse of elements
C3	use of debris in land restoration		preparation for the use in land restoration
C3	crushing/recycling of concrete without further processing -		value to be used for the final calculation together with the

Module	Harmonised scenario	Description	Comments
0	electric machinery		applicable energy mix impacts
C3	crushing/recycling of concrete without further processing - fuel machinery		standard fuel use
C3	reinforcement.ecovery		
C4	disposal of debris	treatment and disposal	
C4	carbonation in landfilling		carbonation in landfill calculated according to the rules provided. EN 16757 Annex G provides a reference method
D	reuse in new construction works outside the boundary limits		
D	use of debris in land restoration outside the boundary limits		2
D	crushing recycling of concrete outside the boundary limits		
D	recycling of reinforcement outside the boundary limits		
D	waste packaging recycling outside the boundary limits		
D	waste packaging recovery as energy source outside the boundary limits		
D	aggregates replacement outside the boundary limits		1
D	carbonation outside the boundary limits		conditions calculated according to the rules provided. EN 18757 Annex G provides a reference method

Complementing and specifying 7.3 of EN 15804

Agenda



### 1. Intro

### 2. Legislative Framework

- a. CPR
- b. Acquis process
- c. Standardisation request

# 3. Standardisation framework

- a. CEN
- b. TC/229
- c. Environmental sustainability

### 4. Challenges ahead

### 5. Pragmatic

**INVOLVED TCs** 

### 3. Standardisation framework

SRAHG

a. CEN

- ensures coordination between and input from all relevant CEN stakeholders during the <u>drafting</u> and <u>approval</u> of SRs
  - DURING advises in case **problematic issues** associated with the SR arise
  - AFTER CoS approval to develop a <u>consensus view</u> about acceptance/refusal of a SR by CEN/BT

- <u>TC 229 "Precast Concrete</u> <u>Products"</u>
- TC 177 "AAC and lightweight concrete with open structure"





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**b. CEN/TC 229** *Potential future framework* 







It is also possible to draft a

harmonised cPCR



### **Harmonised Standards**

1-3	Introduction, scope, definitions, references
4	CHARACTERISTICS
5	TESTING, ASSESSMENT, SAMPLING
6	AVCP (AVS)
А	Annexes
ZA	Relation with CPR

Structure




1-3	Introduction, scope, definitions, references
4	CHARACTERISTICS
5	TESTING, ASSESSMENT, SAMPLING
6	AVCP (AVS)
Α	Annexes
ZA	Relation with CPR

### c. Environmental sustainability

- 0. Reference service life
- 1. Life cycle assessment environmental characteristics
- 2. Resource use environmental characteristics
- 3. Waste environmental characteristics
- 4. Output flows environmental characteristics
- 5. Biogenic carbon environmentalcharacteristics

Characteristic	Unit	dimensions		
climate change – total	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	М		
climate change – fossil	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	М		
climate change – biogenic	kg CO2 eq.	М		
climate change - land use and land use change	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	М		
ozone depletion	kg CFC 11 eq.	М		
Acidification	mol H+ eq.	N		
eutrophication aquatic freshwater	kg PO4 eq.	М		
eutrophication aquatic marine	kg N eq.	М		

Characteristic	unit	dimensions
use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	MJ	ML2T-2
use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	MJ	ML2T-2
total use of renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials)	MJ	ML2T-2

*Characteristics (from Annex II of the SR)* 



1-3	Introduction, scope, definitions, references
4	CHARACTERISTICS
5	TESTING, ASSESSMENT, SAMPLING
6	AVCP (AVS)
А	Annexes
ZA	Relation with CPR

## c. Environmental sustainability

Testing, assessment, sampling

### - Reference service life

- reference to cPCR for Concrete for the assessment
- Distinction between off-the-shelf and made-to-measure products

### - Environmental characteristics

- Same approach for the 5 families
- Reference to EN 15804+A2 and cPCR for Concrete for the assessment
- "The results derived from the assessment will correspond to the results for <u>each</u> <u>module</u> and <u>each scenario</u>"



1-3	Introduction, scope, definitions, references
4	CHARACTERISTICS
5	TESTING, ASSESSMENT, SAMPLING
6	AVCP (AVS)
А	Annexes
ZA	Relation with CPR

## c. Environmental sustainability

AVCP (AVS)

- 1. ITT (Assessment of performance)
  - Test samples, testing and assessment criteria

Characteristic	Clause	Minimura No. o	of samples	Assessment methods and criteria	
Reference service life	4.11.1	nodelling applie family	cable to the pro	5.8	
climate change – total	4.11.2	modelling applie family	cable to the pro	5.9.1	
climate change – fossil	4.11.2	modelling applie family	cable to the pro	5.9.1	
Ref "Chai	to stics"		ć	Reference to "Testing, assessment, sampling'	



## c. Environmental sustainability

AVCP (AVS)

2. Verification of constancy of performance

- FPC

### **Initial inspection** to validate environmental sustainability company specific data

- when the production process has been <u>finalized</u> and in operation
- <u>factory documentation</u> shall be assessed to verify that environmental sustainability company specific data is correct and representative
- All <u>locations</u> where environmental sustainability company specific data is collected shall be assessed



- Possibility to <u>extend environmental</u> <u>sustainability company specific data</u> to more than one product, production line or production process
- All assessments and their results shall be **documented** in the initial inspection report
- Continuous surveillance of FPC

### Environmental sustainability assessment <u>validation</u>

- Environmental sustainability assessment (**ITT**) shall be <u>validated</u>.
- The records of input values and assumptions shall be reviewed to validate that they correspond to the **product-type**.
- Reference to EN 15804:2012+A2 and cPCR for concrete to be reviewed to validate that rules are **properly used**.
- The **process** and any **software** used for the assessment to be reviewed to validate that the results are consistent and correct and provide conservative results

1-3	Introduction, scope, definitions, references
4	CHARACTERISTICS
5	TESTING, ASSESSMENT, SAMPLING
6	AVCP (AVS)

A Annexes

ZA Relation with CPR

## c. Environmental sustainability

Normative annex J

### Environmental impact indicators

- Defines the rules for the application of the cPCR for concrete
- The cPCR applies fully except where EN 15804+A2 is not in line with the CPR (see slide 5 – Acquis process SG5)
  - Either the cPCR for concrete applies <u>with modifications</u> for a limited number of topics
    - Objective reference to scenarios development and data quality



- Additional information not derived from LCA are excluded
- Reference to Annex G of cPCR for concrete for the assessment of carbonation
- Transportation and end-of-life scenarios clarification (in line with the SR)
- Characterisation factors

### - Or cPCR clauses are not applicable

- 5.2 Types of EPD with respect to life cycle stages covered
- 5.3 Comparability of EPD for construction products
- 5.5 Ownership, responsibility and liability for the EPD
- 5.6 Communication formats
- 7 Content of the EPD (except for 7.3 Scenarios and additional technical information that is applicable)
- 8 Project report
- 9 Verification and validity of an EPD

Annex ZA



1-3	Introduction, scope, definitions, references
4	CHARACTERISTICS
5	TESTING, ASSESSMENT, SAMPLING
6	AVCP (AVS)
Α	Annexes
7A	Relation with CPR

## **<u>c. Environmental sustainability</u>**

$\square$	Table ZA.1.8 –	- Relevant clauses for e	environmental sus	tainability					
Product:	Solid slabs, HVAC flue elements, junction boxes, beam and blocks: beams concrete, lightweight concrete, clay and EPS blocks and permanent lightweigh formwork, box culverts, deck elements for bridges, cladding elements, fence elements, floor plates, floor slats for livestock, foundation elements, foundation piles, garage boxes, hollow core slabs, linear structural elements, loadbearing and non-loadbearing wall elements, masts and poles, retaining wall elements, ribbed floor elements, special roof elements, concrete and woodchip concrete shuttering blocks, stairs								
Intended use	Structural and	non-structural							
Essential Cl	naracteristics	Clauses of this European Standard related to essential characteristics	Clauses of this European standard related to assessment	Classes and/or threshold levels	Notes				
reference servi	ce life	4.11.1	5.8		Years				
climate change	- total	4.11.2	5.9		kg CO <sup>2</sup> eq.				
climate change	- fossil	4.11.2	5.9		kg CO <sup>2</sup> eq.				
climate change	- biogenic	4.11.2	5.9		kg CO <sup>2</sup> eq.				

2025-02-24



# **Concluding remarks**

- In the presented case, the **<u>essential</u> <u>characteristics</u>** related to environmental sustainability have been
  - **included** in the <u>*hEN*</u> (harmonised standard)
  - with <u>reference</u> to the <u>cPCR</u> (supporting standard)
- Other product families might chose a different strategy
  - Develop a harmonised <u>cPCR</u>

- Deciding factor in the case of precast:
  - The cPCR is valid for <u>concrete</u> (nonharmonised product needing to develop EPDs) <u>and precast concrete elements</u> (harmonised products)
  - Harmonised standards have a given <u>structure</u> (see above) – would have required deep changes and lack of direct correspondence with EN 15804+A2 structure
  - **Essential characteristics principles** are already in the harmonised standard (otherwise, it should have been repeated in the cPCR)
  - Concrete cPCR can be used (should be) as reference by other TCs developing cPCR for products made of concrete (at least for modules A1-A3, C and D)

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# 3. Standardisation framework

- a. CEN
- b. TC/229
- c. Environmental sustainability

## 4. Challenges ahead

5. Pragmatic advices

# 4. Challenges ahead

## <u>1 – Tight timeframe</u>

- Harmonised standard to be ready by 15 November 2025
- Harmonised standard to be published in the OJ of the EU by 8 January 2026

## 2 – Future of EPDs

- Short term
  - Need for a transitional period where both EPDs and DoP(C)s will be made available
- Long-term
  - What will be the compatibility with the DoP(C)s? Will EPDs still be allowed (with the same info as in the DoP(C))?
- National databases
  - What will be their role in the future?
  - "Mixed" input from EPDs and DoP(C)s?



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# 4. Challenges ahead



## <u>3 – AVCP 3+</u>

- Now that the system is in place, will verifiers be available (lack of experts)?
- Physical inspections for validation of company-specific data - Costs and timing
- Acceptance on the market of the declaration under DoP(C) instead of "usual" EPDs

## <u>4 – Data</u>

- What (secondary background) databases will be accepted?
- All products must comply to their declarations, this leads to what is called "worst case" – no guidance/rules available
- What will be the future of Sectoral DoP(C)s?

# 5. Pragmatic advices



- The development of a cPCR effectively starts **well before** the work in the TC
  - Acquis process (framework)
    - Involvement as sector and through MS authorities
  - Standardisation request (legal bases)
    - Involvement in SRAHG and relevant product TCs
- cPCR available is a good starting point
  - If you have it, I would advise to create reference in the hEN
  - If not, decide on the strategy (hEN + cPCR or hcPCR) early and start developing a document accordingly

- Ensure cooperation between TCs
  - Under the same SR
    - Different interpretation, different interests ...
    - ... Same challenges!
  - Dealing with same material but different products
    - Ensure consistency (references!)
    - Think about well being of users (not over-regulate)
- Timeframe is quite long, but also requires a lot of work
  - Start as soon as possible!



**European Standardization Organizations** 

# The relation of environmental data under the CPR with other EU legislation

**Oscar Nieto,** European Commission, DG GROW H1

# THE RELATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL DATA UNDER THE CPR WITH OTHER EU LEGISLATION

GROW H.1





# EU Regulatory framework Energy related products

**ESPR** 

\_evel(s)

**Ecodesign for Sustainable Products Regulation** Setting performance and information requirements for products placed on the Single Market

Level(s) methodology Sustainability assessment of buildings

TaxonomySustainable activitiesEPBDSustainable buildingsEEDPublic procurement of buildings



# EU Regulatory framework Other products

**CPR** 

.evel(s)



Delivery of environmental information from construction products and implementation of requirements

Level(s) methodology Sustainability assessment of buildings

Taxonomy Sustainable activities EPBD Sustainable buildings EED Public procurement of buildings



# Objectives of the recast **EPBD**

2030 Medium-term contribution

Renovation Wave Strategy aims at doubling renovations by 2030 and foster deep renovations

Climate target plan 2030 reduce buildings' GHG emissions by 60%, their final energy consumption by 14% and energy for heating and cooling by 18%.

RePowerEU Strategy and EU Save Energy Communication asking co-legislators for more ambition on recast EPBD 2050 Long-term vision

Long Term Strategy climate neutral economy Climate Target Plan 2040 reduction of 90% of net GHG emissions



# Focus areas of the recast EPBD

### Renovation

- Minimum Energy Performance Standards
- National trajectories for the progressive renovation of the residential building stock
- National Building Renovation Plans

### **Enabling framework**

- Strengthened Energy Performance Certificates
- Renovation passports
- Sustainable finance & energy poverty
- One-stop-shops
- Deep renovation standard
- National energy performance databases

### Decarbonisation

- Introduction of zero-emission buildings as standard for new buildings
- Solar deployment in buildings
- Calculation of whole life cycle carbon
- Phasing out incentives for fossil fuels and new legal basis for national bans

### Modernisation & system integration

- Infrastructure for sustainable mobility
- Smart Readiness Indicator
- Indoor air quality, ventilation and other technical building systems
- Digitisation & national databases



# Calculation of life-cycle GWP of new buildings





# **National Roadmaps**

Member States to publish roadmaps by 2027 establishing targets for new buildings from 2030

Additional guidance to be provided by the Commission:

- Definition on progressive downward trend
- Information on climatic zones
- Information on building typologies
- Union's objective of climate neutrality

Technical support to Member States at their request



# **Digital Product Passport**



# Why do we need a DPP in the CPR?

Increase transparency and facilitates traceability

Improve the management of complex information

Reduce administrative burdens through digital process



Advantages only if DPP are harmonised at EU level



# **CPR DPP**

Content	Standardised and harmonised following a European data dictionary based on Standards and EAD
Governance	European Commission managed according to rules set out in a delegated act
Interoperability	Harmonised format and digitalisation methodology available in harmonised standards and usable by non-experts
Access and use	Public access to the documents except for the technical documentation which is restricted to market surveillance authorities
Stability	Predictable system established in European legislation adopted and maintained following regulatory procedures





# **DPP** content



Declaration of performance and conformity



General product information, instructions for use and safety information



Technical documentation



Documentation required under other Union law



Label (when applicable)

Unique product identifier dpp:GTIN:**3234567890126** 

Unique operator identifier

dpp:VAT:**AT U14589505** 

Unique facility identifier dpp:ISO3166-2:**BE** 









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**European Standardization Organizations** 

## Development of a c-PCR

## Julia Goerke, Convenor CEN/TC 350/WG3

# C-PCRs within CEN/TC 350



## BT decision

#### PROPOSAL(S)

#### BT,

- noting the request of CEN/TC 350 as in Annex 1 BT N 9216;
- noting the concerns and recommendation of the Construction Core Group as in Annex 2 to BT N 9216;
- endorses the Construction Core Group recommendation 165/2013;
- asks CEN/TCs developing product standards to take into consideration the horizontal rules of EN 15804;
- encourages the close liaison between CEN/TC 350 'Sustainability of construction works' and product TCs when those product TC's are preparing specific Product Category Rules based on EN 15804;
- invites product TCs in the construction sector and CEN/TC 350 to consult the Construction Core Group, should issues be identified

#### 2013-03-27 – GA

#### PROPOSAL(S)

#### BT,

#### noting

- decision 284 of CEN/TC 350 'Sustainability of construction works' taken on 2022-04-05 (see Annex 2);
- CEN/BT Decision 3/2013, asking CEN/TCs developing product standards to take into consideration the horizontal rules of EN 15804 and encouraging the close liaison between CEN/TC 350 and product TCs when those product TCs are preparing specific Product Category Rules (PCRs) based on EN 15804 (see Annex 1);
- decides, when a new Standardization Request (SReq) is being developed referring to EN 15804 and/or to quantified environmental characteristics of construction products or services, that:
- CEN/TC 350 shall be informed and consulted regarding the content of the draft construction product SReq prior to their acceptance;
- CEN/TCs involved in the execution of the SReq shall contact CEN/TC 350 to inform about the standards of concern and liaise with CEN/TC 350 to apply the workflow and templates of CEN/TC 350 when developing complementary PCRs to avoid conflicts with EN 15804.

#### 2022-04-22 – ALG

### $\Rightarrow$ Alignment with EN 15804+A2 is necessary $\Rightarrow$ Liaise with CEN TC 350 $\Rightarrow$ Follow the flow as laid down by CEN/TC 350

# EN 15804+A2



Basic rules for the product category construction products

## Sustainability of construction works - Environmental product declarations - Basic rules for the product category construction products; EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 + AC:2021

This document has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 350 "Sustainability of construction works" (Secretariat: AFNOR, France).



# CEN/TC 350/WG 3



#### Name

EN 15941- Sustainability of construction works — data quality for environmental assessment of products and construction works — Selection and use of data (Data Quality)

EN 15942 - Sustainability of construction works - Environmental product declarations – Communication format business-to-business, (B2B)

EN 17672 - Sustainability of construction works — Environmental product declarations — Horizontal rules for business-to consumer communication (B2C)

EN ISO 22057 - Sustainability in buildings and civil engineering works – Data templates for the use of EPDs for construction products in building information modelling BIM (EPDs for BIM)

NWI (N6420) - Requirements for the use of chain of custody models in Environmental Product Declarations for construction products











# The Environmental Product Declaration Servered



## Contains the product's carbon footprint and much more

## An EPD

- ▶ is based on EN 15804+A2
- is a document of approx. 10 pages
- contains data of the Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) of a product
- considers the product from "cradle to grave"
- is independently verified
- has a high level of credibility
- ▶ follows the rules of product group specific rules (PCR)



Source: https://www.eco-platform.org/epd-data.html

© CEN-CENELEC 2025

## Content of an EPD

## Life cycle approach

### Verification

European Producers of Laminate Flooring e.V.	Direct Pressure Laminate Floor Covering (DPL Floor Covering)				
Programme holder IRU - Institut Basen und Umweit e.V. Perconnost. 1 19178 Barlin Germany	Owner of the declaration EFLP8 European Produces of Laminute Fiboring e.V. Mitakin: 50 33502 Belofitid Germany				
Declaration number EPD-EPL-20210138-CBE1-EN	Declared product / declared unit 1m² of DPL floor covering				
This declaration is based on the product category rules: Floar coverings, 00/2018 (FCR chiscled and approved by the SVR)	Beepe: This Environmental Product Declaration refers to a representative European DPL foor covering produced by manufactures that are members of EPU/H. Data are based unce producting during 2019 to Exercise				
Issue data 09.67.2021	The laminate four covering described in this EPD has a Distances of 8 mm and meets the resultements of th				
96.07.2021 Valid te 06.07.2025	<ul> <li>are classe: 21-23, 31-34 according to EN 13329, EN ISO 10074, in order to enable the used of the EPC to calculate the ECA results for offerent thicknesses and use classes, the EPD contains the respective calculation rules.</li> </ul>				
	The senser of the discipation shall be liable for the anderlying information and endence; the IBU shall not be lable with mapped to manufacturer information, Bit cycle assessment data and endences. The IBPO was sounded according to the specifications of RM 15606-42. In the robusing, the standard will to implified as ID 15606.				
11 11	Varification				
Ham liter	Independent verification of the declaration and data according to ISO 14025-3010				
And fils	Mit in fe				
N December France	"Martin Kindar				

### **Product and Production**



LCA Results																
PRODUCT STAGE CONSTRUCTI ON PROCESS STAGE							l	USE STAC	GE			EN	ND OF LI	FE STA	GE	BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly Use Maintenance Repair Replacement Replacement Replacement Replacement Derational energy use Operational energy use De-construction demolition Transport De-construction demolition De-construction demolition De-construction demolition De-construction demolition De-construction demolition De-construction demolition De-construction demolition De-construction demolition						Reuse- Recovery- Recycling- potential						
A1	A2	<b>A3</b>	A4	A5	B1	B2	<b>B</b> 3	<b>B4</b>	B	5 B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Corel	ndicator		Unit	A1	-A3	A4		A5		B2	32 C1 C2 C3		C3	D		
GWP-total [kg C		CO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.]	-2.6	5E+0	4.37E	4.37E-2			1.70E-1	0.00	E+0	4.23E-	2	1.19E+1	-6.67E+0	
GWD	TOSSII	[Kg (	202-Eq.	5.93	2E+0	4.34E	- <u>∠</u>	3.63E-2	_	1.50E-1 3.30E-2	0.00	E+0	4.21E-	2	1 10E+1	-6.66E+0
GWP-	P-luluc	[kg (	202-Eq.]	6.50	5E-3	351E	4	4 13E-6		4.53E-2	0.00	E+0	340F-	4	0.00E+0	-528E-3
0	DP	[kg Cl	FC11-Eq.]	2.70	E-12	5.21E-	18	4.47E-17	-	8.19E-9	0.00	E+0	5.05E-1	8	0.00E+0	-7.91E-14
	AP	[mol	H+-Eq.]	1.70	)E-2	1.43E	-4	5.26E-5		4.67E-4	0.00	E+0	1.39E-	4	0.00E+0	3.99E-3
EP-fre	shwater	[kg F	PO₄-Eq.]	1.41	1E-5	1.32E	-7	7.65E-9		6.01E-6	0.00	E+0	1.28E-	7	0.00E+0	-9.72E-6
ED analise Res M E = 1 0				0.40	1 1 2	C 40E	<b>r</b>	4 705 5	1	4 000 4	1 0.00		C 20E I		0.000	0.005 4



Workshop 'Development of complementary Product Category Rules under the CPR: status and next steps'

2025-02-24

# Scenarios according to EN 15804+A2



A4	A5	<b>B1</b>	B2	<b>B</b> 3	<b>B4</b>	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse- Recovery- Recycling- potential
CONST ON PRO	NSTRUCTI I PROCESS STAGE			USE STAGE					END OF LIFE STAGE			BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES	

#### Transport to the construction site (A4)

Name	Value	Unit
Litres of fuel (consumption per kg)	0.00159	I/100km
Transport distance	250	km
Capacity utilisation (including empty runs)	85	%
Gross density of products transported	800-1200	kg/m³

Maintenance (B2)						
Name	Value	Unit				
Maintenance cycle (cleaning	120	Number/R				
frequency per year)	times/year	SL				
Water consumption (per year)	0.0068	m <sup>3</sup>				
Auxiliary (per year)	0.0507	kg				
Electricity consumption (per year)	0.074	kWh				

### To ensure the principle of comparability for one product group => Product Category Rules are needed

Name	Value	Unit
Output substances following waste treatment on-site packaging waste	0.231	kg

#### End of life (C1-C4)

Name	Value	Unit	
Recycling	3	kg	

# Product Category Rules (PCR)



## ▶ What is a PCR according to ISO 14025 and EN 15804+A2?

**3.12 product category** group of **products** (3.11) that can fulfil equivalent functions

#### 3.5 product category rules PCR

set of specific rules, requirements and guidelines for developing **Type III environmental declarations** (3.2) for one or more **product categories** (3.12)

### <sup>A</sup>₂⟩ 3.5

### complementary product category rules

#### c-PCR

product group specific or horizontal PCR, which provide additional compliant and non-contradictory requirements to EN 15804

Note 1 to entry: c-PCR are meant to be used together with EN 15804.

# House full of "Product Categories"





# **Product Category Rules**

Ensure the principle of comparability

Ceramics sanitary appliances Resilient, textile and laminate floor coverings Thermal insulation products Concrete and concrete elements Plastics piping systems Cement and building lime ► Flat glass products Road traffic noise reducing devices Windows and doors Round and sawn timber **•** ...




## Process to create a c-PCR



#### Contact CEN/TC 350 if you need the template

#### Milen Kabakov Milen.Kabakov@din.de

#### Tasks of CEN/TC 350

- We provide templates
- We are the point of contact in case of questions before enquiry
- We comment the c-PCR in WG 3 meetings during enquiry
- We check compliance with EN 15804+A2
- We cannot give guidance on LCA



## Process to create a c-PCR



#### Product TC is responsible for the content of the c-PCR

#### Tasks of product TC Conducts preparatory LCA study We recommend to: Product Drafts c-PCR and defines e.g. Check existing PCRs Secretary CEN/TC 350/ CADING Temples Conduct an LCA study Identify "linked" product groups defines technical properties to be Product TC mentioned in EPD Involve experts and stakeholders with CADING Tengin Securitary CEN/TC 350/ WG3 expertise in the PCR development process: (ADAD Nilsta specifies certain LCA requirements if Product needed (e.g allocation) LCA experts, expertise for different life cycle Secretary CEN/TC 350/ WG3 Homework Group (MWG) defines plausible and realistic stages (use/end of life) CACEND Filet in Concernative Filet Homework Group (MWG) scenarios for use and EoL -CEN/TC 250/ involves CEN/TC 350 in the ENQ and Securbary CEN/TC 350/ WG3 follows up of the treatment of comments

involves CEN/TC 350 in the version to be sent to FV, including follow up of the treatment of comments from ENQ

- functional unit,

-

Product TC

## How to write a c-PCR?



Working document for the development of a complementary PCR (c-PCR)

> Working document for the development of a complementary PCR (c-PCR)<sup>1</sup>

This working document is the basis for the commenting of c-PCRs according to EN 15804+A2 by CEN/TC 350.

CEN/TC 350 recommends following CEN/TR 16970:2016 for the development of the c-PCR.

Please fill in the following fields:

EN reference	
Title <sup>2</sup>	
WI	
Product group	
CEN/TC	
Secretariat of TC	
WG	
Secretariat of WG	

#### Follow the structure of EN 15804+A2



Working document for the development of a complementary PCR (c-PCR)				
No	Clause	Text for new c-PCR	EN 15804+A2	Comment
	Titel			
	Introduction			
1	Scope	Example: As in EN 15804+A2		
2	Normative references			
3	Terms and definitions	Example: As in EN 15804+A2, in addition: xxx	For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply. <b>3.1</b> <b>additional technical information</b> information that forms part of the EPD by providing a basis for the development of scenarios <b>3.2</b> <b>ancillary material</b> input material or product that is used by the unit process producing the product, but which does not constitute part of the product [EN ISO 14040:2006] <b>3.3</b> <b>average data</b> data representative of a product, product group or construction service, provided by one or more suppliers Note 1 to entry: The product group or construction service can contain similar products or construction	
31				
3.x.				
4	Abbreviations			
5	General aspects			
5.1	Objective of the Core PCR		An EPD according to this standard provides quantified environmental information for a construction product or service on a harmonized and scientific basis. It also provides information on health related emissions to indoor air, soil and water during the use stage of the building. The purpose of an EPD in the construction sector is to provide the basis for assessing buildings and other construction works, and identifying those, which cause less stress to the environment.	

### **Scenarios**



#### 7.3.3.1 B1-B5 use stage related to the building fabric

B1: Environmental aspects and impacts connected to the normal (i.e. anticipated) use of products, not including those related to energy and water use, which are dealt with in B6 and B7) e.g. release of substances from the facade, roof, floor covering, walls and other surfaces (interior or exterior) are reported as additional information (see 7.4).

B2-B5, if additional technical information is provided in the EPD for products requiring maintenance, repair, replacement, refurbishment the following information shall be provided to specify the scenarios or to support the development scenarios of these modules at the building level. Information given for Table  $\boxed{\mathbb{A}_2}$  12  $\boxed{\mathbb{A}_2}$  shall be consistent with the  $\boxed{\mathbb{A}_2}$  RSL  $\boxed{\mathbb{A}_2}$  data given in Table  $\boxed{\mathbb{A}_2}$  13  $\boxed{\mathbb{A}_2}$ :

A2 Scenario information $\langle A_2 \rangle$	Unit (expressed per functional unit or per declared unit)	
B2 Maintenance		
Maintenance process	Description or source where description can be found	
Maintenance cycle	Number per RSL or year *	
Ancillary materials for maintenance, e.g. cleaning agent, specify materials	kg / cycle,	
Waste material resulting from maintenance (specify materials)	kg	
Net fresh water consumption during maintenance	m <sup>3</sup>	
Energy input during maintenance, e.g. vacuum cleaning, energy carrier type, e.g. electricity, and amount, if applicable and relevant	kWh	

#### Table 🖄 12 🖄 — Use stage related to the building fabric

#### Table 🖄 14 🔄 — Use of energy and use of water

A2 Scenario information $(A_2)$	Unit (expressed per functional unit or per declared unit)	
Ancillary materials specified by material	kg or units as appropriate	
Net fresh water consumption	m³	
Type of energy carrier, e.g. electricity, natural gas, district heating	kWh	
Power output of equipment	kW	
Characteristic performance, e.g. energy efficiency, emissions, variation of performance with capacity utilisation etc.	units as appropriate	
Further assumptions for scenario development, e.g. frequency and period of use, number of occupants	units as appropriate	



**European Standardization Organizations** 

Challenges from the point of perspective of consistency Identification of gaps and needs in the process

#### Eric Winnepenninckx, Buildwise, FIEC and Dieter De Lathauwer

## CEN-CENELEC Coordination Group (COG) on Construction and the built environment



- Exists since 2025-01-01 (formerly CEN Sector Forum on Construction) with a 2year lifetime.
- Coordinates standardization activities among technical bodies of CEN and CENELEC dealing with construction and the built environment sector, taking into account stakeholders' expectations.
- Provides coordination and guidance to the relevant Technical Bodies involved in the CPR Acquis process and those developing harmonised Standards under a standardisation request.
- Ensures consistency between involved technical bodies to prevent conflicts and overlaps, especially on horizontal topics. The COG advises and makes recommendations to the CEN and CENELEC Technical Boards if there is a need for intervention.

CEN-CENELEC Coordination Group (COG) on Construction and the built environment



- ► Chairperson: Steve Denton
- Secretariat: Tracey Wilkins (BSI)
- ► Members:
  - ► Representatives appointed by NCs/NSBs.
  - Representatives of Partner organisations including Annex III representatives (i.e. SBS, FIEC, ECOS, EGGA).
  - Representatives of relevant Technical Bodies, in particular horizontal Technical Committees, i.e. CEN/TC 126, CEN/TC 127, CEN/TC 250, CEN/TC 350, CEN/TC 351, CEN/TC 371, CEN/TC 442, CEN-CLC/JTC 11, CEN-CLC/JTC 24.
  - ► Representatives from the CEN and CENELEC staff.
  - Invited guests, on a limited ad-hoc basis.



- AHG created to address the implementation of the revised Construction Products Regulation (CPR)
- ► AHG work is a continuance of CEN-CLC BTWG9 which BT disbanded at the end of 2023.
- Task: Mapping of potential challenges for product TCs (limited to matters of concern to standardisation) arising from the upcoming new CPR, and identifying ownership of the topics and related initiatives
- Objective: Ensure that, once standardisation requests have been issued, product TCs are not faced with obstacles.
- AHG membership: Representatives from COG Construction, specifically having CPR related expertise

- On-going activity, results so far:
- ▶ 2 meetings held, 1 being organised
- Approximately 90 challenges on various topics have been identified, several not related to standardisation as such
  - ► What are the challenges CEN/TCs may be faced with?
  - ► Who is competent to find solutions?
  - ► What is the priority of the challenge?
- Topics: historic challenges, related to Expert Group on Technical Acquis processes, standardisation requests, CEN internal coordination, ...
- Several related to environmental sustainability and circular economy
- Short-term expectation: Start of the process to receive answers / solutions



CENELEC





#### Examples of identified challenges

Ref	Topics	Challenge	SFC comments / suggestions on how to resolve	Ownership of the topics	Priority P1 - P3	
					(high to low)	
B-Com	Commission Expert Group CPR Technical Acquis					
B8	'Trigger' that permits dealing with 'used products'	What will be the 'trigger' that permits dealing with 'used products' in standardisation requests (e.g. availability of guidance for evaluation methods, meaning of factory production control).		CPR Acquis Expert Group	P1	
C-Stan	C-Standardisation requests (SReq)					
C10	ESPR	What if a product (power operated roof light) is covered by the ESPR and the CPR, how will the environmental performance be determined, which AV system, any consequences for SREQ, and what are NBs expected to do? Reword	EN 15804 and approach for TCs to follow to inform/coordinate with CEN/TC 350 (& its WG 3). EC roadmap of the CPR. CCMC received a SReq on Off mode, SRAHG in January 2025 and two TCs invited to discuss if they can deliver (Nuno to provide details).	EC	P1 (urgent)	
C11	Intended use over 50 years	The Standardization Requests require that the methods and the criteria for assessing the performance shall be developed based on the working life for the intended use of 50 years when installed in the works and that the harmonised standard shall not limit the possibility for the manufacturer to declare a longer working life. Most test methods are not based on this requirement, which means that would still need to be developed. TCs have required to delete this part from the Standardization Request. If it continues included, it may significantly delay the development of the harmonised standard.	CCMC to check if included in the new CPR. Relationship between service life, technical performance and environmental performance. Will return to this if not included below.	CPR Technical Acquis Expert Group		



#### Examples of identified challenges

Ref	Topics	Challenge	SFC comments / suggestions on how to resolve	Ownership of the topics	Priority P1 - P3 (bigh to low)	
O-Env	O-Environmental performances				(ingli to low)	
015	Timing of finalisation of hEN taking into account amendment of EN 15804	Should EN 15804 be revised to be aligned with the revised CPR? If amendment is necessary, this may influence the c- PCR documents under development by product TCs, which may delay the finalisation of hEN in the framework of the CPR. Since hENs and c-PCR documents are covered by SReqs and the (stringent) deadlines that SReqs comprise, is there no risk that hENs will be delivered too late?	CEN/TC350 to provide clarification. CPR Technical acquis expert group to consider timing.	CPR Technical Acquis Expert Group CEN/TC 350	P1	
016	How will LCA at building level be connected with environmental performance of products?	Taking into account that databases managed under the responsibility of member states may no longer be legal for products covered by the harmonised zone, using environmental performances of products in LCA calculation methods managed by member states may become complicated. The DPP system may facilitate this connection, if and when available. How should member states prepare for this situation?	Not really a standardisation issue, even though CEN/TC350 and CEN/TC442 may be part of the solution.	CPR Technical Acquis Expert Group CEN/TC 350	P1	
P-Dec	P-Declaration of performance (and of conformity)					
P1	Use of the DoPC	Complexity of follow up process of published DOPs. Period of validity is unclear: threshold and tolerance should be put in place to avoid multiple updates of LCA results (variability interval)	CEN/TC350 to clarify and provide guidance.	CEN/TC350	P2	



- ► We are obliged to turn the implementation into a **success story**
- Identifying challenges now increases the likelihood that product TCs can work efficiently and effectively
- The AHG offers a platform to collect challenges, describe them and identify the competent organisation/structure to resolve them
- Several challenges related to sustainability and circular economy have already been identified
- Access to the (complete) overview of challenges and getting involved: Contact your COG "Construction" representative



**European Standardization Organizations** 

## Conclusion

### Conclusion (responsibilities)



- Product TC is responsible for the c-PCR
- ► CEN/TC 350 will and shall comment in relation to compliance of the c-PCR to EN 15804

#### CEN/TC 350 cannot

- offer guidance on technical content nor guidance on LCA (Independence!), but is available to address questions on the understanding of the EN 15804 or the commenting table
- systematically check for conflicting standards

#### ► EU COM (or HAS) is responsible for:

- checking compliance of c-PCR with SREQ
- checking consistency between c-PCR for use at building level
- assessing the representativity and the plausibility of the scenarios
- assessing the representativity and the plausibility of default data/scenarios if provided in the c-PCR
- (but in case CEN/TC 350 notices something we will flag it)

## Conclusion (specific)



- CEN/TC 350 must be involved during ENQ and in the version to be sent to Formal Vote to make sure the c-PCR are in line with EN 15804
- ▶ Reach out to CEN/TC 350 when starting the work on c-PCR to receive the working document
- ► Focus on the current EN 15804
- If work is started before the Sreq is received: check the Milestone documents of the European Commission! Be aware the Sreq will contain requirements on drafting c-PCR
- ► Shall not be in a c-PCR:
  - Rules for communication or verification
  - Rules for factory production control (FPC)
  - References to national regulations/requirements
  - Completely new rules not foreseen in EN 15804
- ▶ Some recommendations according to CEN ISO/TS 14027:
  - Get expertise on LCA on board in your product TC
  - Re-assess the composition of your product TC: are all relevant stakeholders for environmental information represented? E.g. the different technologies (which may not impact the common standards until now)
  - Do a supporting study:
    - Conduct a preparatory LCA study
    - Do a literature study of existing c-PCR
    - Identify and imply all other product TC touching your environmental impact to avoid discussions at a too late stage

Workshop 'Development of complementary Product Category Rules under the CPR: status and next steps'

### Conclusion (general)



- We understand the willingness to move quickly and to start with the development of the c-PCR asap
- The CPR being published in December 2024, everybody is in the process of learning regarding this completely new context. Especially the tasks and responsibilities are to be judged carefully.
- We can inform you that a Guide/guidance is being developed. This work needs to be aligned with CEN Management, the European Commission and probably also CEN/BT, due to this legal context.
- As such we hope you understand that this cannot happen overnight: with every product TC starting its development we may identify other issues where guidance might be needed, every next week we discover a better understanding of the CPR and its consequences.
- If guidance is to be given, we prefer it to be qualitative and correct.
- This guide will not alter the rules of the EN 15804
- This means that for the time being the first set of c-PCR may not be perfect and that the c-PCR standard probably will be an iterative process.



**European Standardization Organizations** 

Thank you for your participation!